

1. Cells x^2 and 12 are set; middle is $7x$. How do you split $7x$?

Numbers $x \cdot 12 = 12$, add to 7: 3 and 4

Answer: $3x$ and $4x$

2. Finish: sides of the box for $x^2 + 7x + 12$?

Rows $(x + 3)$, columns $(x + 4)$

Answer: $(x + 3)(x + 4)$

3. Box-factor $x^2 + 9x + 20$.

Split $9x$ as $4x + 5x$

Answer: $(x + 4)(x + 5)$

4. Box-factor $x^2 - 2x - 15$.

Split $-2x$ as $-5x + 3x$

Answer: $(x - 5)(x + 3)$

5. Box-factor $x^2 - 10x + 21$.

Split as $-3x$ and $-7x$

Answer: $(x - 3)(x - 7)$

6. Box-factor $2x^2 + 11x + 5$.

$ac = 10$; split $11x$ as $10x + x$

Answer: $(2x + 1)(x + 5)$

7. Box-factor $3x^2 + 8x + 4$.

$ac = 12$; split $8x$ as $6x + 2x$

Answer: $(3x + 2)(x + 2)$

8. A box has cells x^2 , $-6x$, $6x$, -36 . What is factored, and what is special?

Middle cells cancel

Answer: $x^2 - 36 = (x+6)(x-6)$

9. Box-factor $4x^2 + 8x + 3$. ★ challenge

$ac = 12$; split $8x$ as $6x + 2x$

Cells: $4x^2$, $6x$, $2x$, 3

$2x(2x + 3) + 1(2x + 3)$

Answer: $(2x + 1)(2x + 3)$

10. The box for a mystery trinomial has sides $(x + a)(x + b)$ with cell sum $x^2 + 12x + 32$. Find a and b , then

$a \times b = 32$, $a + b = 12$: 4 and 8

Zeros flip signs

Answer: $a=4$, $b=8$; zeros -4 and -8